#### A BILL

#### **ENTITLED**

AN ACT to Establish a body to be known as the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority for the development, regulation, promotion and standardization of the agricultural commodities industry; and for connected matters.

BE IT ENACTED by The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Representatives of Jamaica, and by the authority of the same, as follows:--

#### PART I—Preliminary

1. This Act may be cited as the Jamaica Agricultural Shorttitle and Commodities Regulatory Authority Act, 2016, and shall come into commencement. operation on a day to be appointed by the Minister by notice published in the Gazette.

#### Interpretation.

- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—
  - "appointed day" means the day appointed by the Minister under section 1 for the commencement of this Act;
  - "Authority" means the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority established by section 3;
  - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Authority established by section 6;
  - "cocoa" means the fruit of the *Theobroma Cacao* and its allied species, whether—
    - (a) in the pod or in the form of pulp or separated;
    - (b) wet or dry;
    - (c) fermented or unfermented;
    - (d) ripe or unripe; or
    - (e) cured or uncured;
  - "chairman" means the chairman of the Board of the Authority;
  - "cocoa products" means any product made wholly or in part from cocoa;
  - "coconuts" means mature coconuts (that is to say, the type known as dry coconuts) and water coconuts (that is to say, the type known as jelly coconuts);
  - "coconut products" includes—
    - (a) copra;
    - (b) coconut oil; and
    - (c) any product made wholly or in part from any part of the coconut, including edible oils;
  - "coffee" means the plant known as *coffea* species, the fruit (whether on the plant or detached therefrom) and coffee beans, whether—
    - (a) whole or broken;
    - (b) in the cherry or pulp or separated from the pulp;

- (c) cured or uncured;
- (d) ripe or unripe;
- (e) in the form of parchment, double husk, or clean;
- (f) dried or undried;
- (g) washed or unwashed;
- (h) fermented or unfermented; or
- (i) roasted or unroasted;
- "coffee blend" means the mixing of different types of coffee so that one brand of coffee constitutes at least thirty per cent of the blend or as otherwise specified in the regulations;
- "coffee product" includes—
  - (a) any coffee blend or coffee products, whether from Jamaica or from any other country or combination of countries; and
  - (b) any product made wholly or in part from coffee;
- "condition", in relation to an authorization, includes a limitation or restriction;
- "Director-General" means the Director-General appointed under section 9;
- "document" means any thing or manner in which information of any description is recorded or stored;
- "functions" includes duties and powers;
- "inspector" means any person so appointed by the Authority under section 26;
- "licence" means a licence granted under section 17(3)(a);
- "licensee" means a person to whom a licence is granted under this Act;

- "nursery" means any place utilized for the cultivation of the seedlings or plant of a regulated agricultural commodity;
- "premises" includes vehicles, aircrafts and ships that are being used to transport regulated agricultural commodities;
- "regulated agricultural commodity" means any agricultural commodity specified in the First Schedule;
- "regulations" means any regulations made under this Act;
- "substitute" means-
  - (a) in relation to coconut—
    - (i) edible oil or edible fat, except oil or fat from animals;
    - (ii) any oil or fat producing item set out in the Second Schedule; or
    - (iii) soap made wholly or in part from oil or fat,

except liquid or powdered detergent, whether produced locally or imported into the Island;

- (b) in relation to any other regulated agricultural commodity, a product that is—
  - (i) put on the market; and
  - (ii) used in place of or as an alternative to a regulated agricultural commodity.

#### PART II—The Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority

#### Establishment and Functions

Establishment of the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority. **3.**—(1) For the purposes of this Act, there is established a body to be known as the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority, which shall be a body corporate to which section 28 of the *Interpretation Act* applies.

Second Schedule

First Schedule.

(2) The provisions of Part I of the Third Schedule have effect Part I as to the financial provisions of the Authority and otherwise in Schedule. relation to the Authority.

**4.**—(1) The functions of the Authority are to—

Functions of Authority.

- (a) promote interest and efficiency in the development of the regulated agricultural commodities industry in Jamaica;
- (b) provide technical advice to the Minister and to persons engaged in the regulated agricultural commodities industry;
- (c) establish, prescribe and enforce standards of quality, handling, grading, export and import for regulated agricultural commodities;
- (d) specify the varieties of regulated agricultural commodities which may be cultivated or manufactured in Jamaica for export or for local trade or which may be imported into Jamaica:
- (e) initiate consultations and other services within the regulated agricultural commodities industry in Jamaica;
- (f) subject to subsection (2), grant licences, permits and other authorizations;
- (g) subject to subsection (2), allocate quotas of regulated agricultural commodities that may be exported or imported during any period by licensed exporters or authorized importers under this Act;
- (h) intervene in disputes pertaining to the regulated agricultural commodities industry and initiate and engage in arbitration, mediation or other forms of alternative dispute resolution to resolve such disputes; and
- perform such other functions pertaining to the regulated agricultural commodities industry as may be assigned to it, from time to time, by the Minister under this Act or by or under any other enactment.

- (2) The Minister may, on the advice of the Authority, approve the grant of permits or other authorizations, as the case may be, for the importation of any regulated agricultural commodity and substitutes into Jamaica.
- (3) In performing the functions specified in subsections (1) and (2), the Authority may—
  - (a) establish procedures and develop, implement and monitor plans and programmes relating to the regulated agricultural commodities industry;
  - (b) formulate standards and prescribe codes of practice to be observed for the improvement of the regulated agricultural commodities industry generally;
  - (c) charge fees for services provided by or on behalf of the Authority;
  - (d) undertake, foster and coordinate, where possible, studies and scientific research in respect of regulated agricultural commodities and apply the results of such research in the development of the regulated agricultural commodities industry in Jamaica;
  - (e) consult with other agencies of Government that have functions in relation to regulated agricultural commodities;
  - (f) make regulations in accordance with section 37; and
  - (g) do all such things as the Authority considers necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out its functions.

Delegation.

- **5.**—(1) The Authority may delegate, in writing, any of its functions under this Act, other than the power to make regulations and the power of delegation, to the Director-General or to any other member, officer, employee or agent of the Authority.
- (2) A delegation of any function under subsection (1) is revocable by the Authority and the delegation shall not preclude the performance of that function by the Authority.

#### Board of Directors

6.—(1) For the purposes of this Act, there is established a Board Establishment of Directors of the Authority.

(2) The provisions of Part II of the Third Schedule shall Part II. have effect in relation to the constitution and procedures of the Schedule. Board.

7.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Board shall be Functions of responsible for the policy, strategic direction and governance of the Authority.

- (2) In the performance of its functions, the Board shall—
- (a) monitor the administrative operations of the Authority;
- (b) advise the Minister on matters of general policy relating to the management, development and encouragement of an efficient, regulated agricultural commodities industry;
- (c) ensure that the Authority receives and manages funds in a prudent manner; and
- (d) do all such things as the Board reasonably considers necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out its functions.
- 8. The Minister may, after consultation with the chairman of the Minister may Board, give to the Board directions in writing of a general character give directions as to the policy to be followed by the Board in the performance of its functions, as appear to the Minister to be necessary in the public interest; and the Board shall give effect to the directions.

#### Director-General

9.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), the Board may appoint and Appointment employ a Director-General of the Authority, at such remuneration of Director-General. and on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

(2) An individual who would not be eligible to be an appointed member of the Board by virtue of paragraph 2 of Part II Part II. of the Third Schedule is not eligible to be appointed as Director- Third Schedule. General.

Functions of Director-General.

- 10. The Director-General shall be responsible for the day-to-day administration and management of the Authority which shall include—
  - (a) the planning, organizing, controlling, directing, supervising and coordinating of the activities of the Authority, in the performance of its functions conferred by this Act;
  - (b) the development of the programmes, performance targets and any service or other standards of the Authority for the approval of the Board;
  - (c) the implementation of programmes, performance targets and services referred to in paragraph (b);
  - (d) the preparation and submission of the strategic, corporate and other plans for the approval of the Board;
  - (e) ensuring administrative support for the Board and any committee established under paragraph 16 of Part II of the Third Schedule, as may be required;
  - (f) ensuring that the Board is kept informed of matters relevant to the administration and management of the Authority; and
  - (g) the performance of such other functions as are conferred upon the Director-General by or under this Act or any other enactment.

#### Administration

Appointment and employment of other officers and employees.

Part II.

Schedule.

Third

- 11.—(1) For the proper carrying out of the provisions of this Act, the Authority may appoint and employ to any office in the Authority, such other officers and employees, at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as the Authority deems necessary.
- (2) Except with the prior approval of the Minister responsible for the public service—
  - (a) no salary in excess of the prescribed rate shall be assigned to any officer; and
  - (b) no appointment shall be made to any office to which a salary in excess of the prescribed rate is assigned.

- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2), the prescribed rate shall be such rate as the Minister responsible for the public service may prescribe, by order subject to affirmative resolution.
- (4) The Governor-General may, subject to such conditions as he may impose, approve the appointment of any officer in the service of the Government to any office with the Authority; and any officer so appointed or while so employed, in relation to other rights as a public officer, shall be treated as continuing in the service of the Government.
- (5) The Director-General shall consult with the Board in establishing the qualification for the various offices within the Authority and shall advise the Board on all appointments to fill the offices.
  - 12. The Authority, with the approval of the Minister—

Pensions. gratuities and

- (a) may enter into arrangements or make regulations other respecting schemes, whether by way of insurance policies retirement benefits. or otherwise; and
- (b) shall make provisions for—
  - (i) medical benefits;
  - (ii) pensions;
  - (iii) gratuities; and
  - (iv) other retirement benefits or disability or death benefits.

relating to officers and employees of the Authority; and the arrangements, regulations or other provisions may include the grant of benefits to the dependents and the personal legal representatives of the officers and employees.

13.—(1) Any person to whom information is communicated Confidentiality. pursuant to this Act, shall regard and deal with the information as secret and confidential, except in the case of an inspector authorized under this Act to supply information to the Authority, to the extent provided in this Act and otherwise under any other law.

(2) No obligation as to secrecy, confidentiality or other restriction upon the disclosure of information imposed by any law or otherwise shall prevent the Authority or any officer of the Authority duly authorized for the purpose, from disclosing information to the Authority for the sole purpose of assisting the Authority or its officers in the performance of its or their duties under law in assessing an applicant for licensing or other purposes.

## PART III—Management of Regulated Agricultural Commodities

Restriction on dealings in regulated agricultural commodities.

- **14.**—(1) Except under and in accordance with this Act and the regulations, a person shall not—
  - (a) manufacture, sell, distribute, export, import, or grow a regulated agricultural commodity or process a regulated agricultural commodity or its substitute for sale;
  - (b) operate works related to a regulated agricultural commodity;
  - (c) establish a nursery for a regulated agricultural commodity;
  - (d) deal in any way with a regulated agricultural commodity; or
  - (e) carry out other activities related to paragraph (a), (b),(c) or (d) that are not licensed, permitted or otherwise authorized or regulated under this Act or the regulations.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in a Parish Court to a fine not exceeding three million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to both the fine and imprisonment.

Application for licence.

15.—(1) Every person who carries out or intends to carry out any of the activities referred to in section 14(1) shall apply in the prescribed form and manner, to the Authority for the appropriate licence.

- (2) An application under subsection (1) shall be accompanied by the prescribed application fee, which shall be nonrefundable.
- 16.—(1) Notwithstanding section 14, every person who grows Exemption. or intends to grow regulated agricultural commodities in quantities—
  - (a) sufficient for the consumption of the commodities by that person and his household only;
- (b) otherwise too small to be of commercial significance, shall be exempt from the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In subsection (1)(b), "commercial significance" shall have the meaning prescribed, with respect to each regulated agricultural commodity.
- 17.—(1) Upon receipt of an application under section 15, the Grantor Authority shall cause an inspector to carry out an inspection of refusal of licence. premises to which the application relates.

- (2) The inspector shall submit to the Authority a report in the prescribed form in respect of an inspection carried out under this section, and may make general comments or recommendations thereon.
- (3) Upon receipt of the report and any written comments or recommendations of the inspector, the Authority may—
  - (a) subject to subsection (4), grant a licence in the form set out in the Fourth Schedule, upon payment of the prescribed Fourth licence fee; or

- (b) refuse to grant a licence on any of the grounds set out in section 18.
  - (4) A licence granted under this section—
- (a) shall be for a period of one year; and
- (b) may be made subject to the terms and conditions, as the Authority may specify in the licence.

- (5) Where the Authority refuses to grant a licence, the Authority shall inform the applicant of—
  - (a) its decision in writing, stating the reasons for the decision; and
  - (b) the right of appeal conferred by section 35.

Grounds for refusal of licence.

- **18.**—(1) The Authority may refuse to grant a licence under this Act—
  - (a) where, in the opinion of the Authority, the grant of the licence would not be in the public interest, having regard to such factors as the Authority considers relevant, including the geographical location or intended geographical location in which the regulated agricultural commodity is to be cultivated;
  - (b) where an application contains or is based on a false or misleading representation or information which is false in a material particular;
  - (c) to an individual who-
    - (i) is under the age of eighteen years;
    - (ii) is an undischarged bankrupt; or
    - (iii) has been convicted, during the period of five years immediately preceding the application of an offence specified in subsection (2);
  - (d) to a body corporate in respect of which-
    - (i) a resolution has been passed for its voluntary winding up;
    - (ii) an order has been made by a court of competent jurisdiction for its winding up;
    - (iii) a receiver or a trustee within the meaning of the *Insolvency Act* has been appointed to manage any of its assets;

- (iv) any of its directors has been convicted of an offence under this Act, during the period of ten years immediately preceding the application for a licence;
- (v) any of its directors has been convicted of any offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude, or an offence under the *Dangerous Drugs Act*, during the period of five years immediately preceding the application for a licence; or
- (vi) there is failure to notify the Authority of the readiness and suitability of its premises or business to which the application relates.
- (2) The offence referred to in subsection (1)(c)(iii) is—
- (a) an offence against this Act or the regulations; or
- (b) an offence involving fraud or dishonesty.
- 19.—(1) A licence may be renewed by the Authority, if—

Renewal of licence.

- (a) an application for renewal of the licence is made in the prescribed form, at least ninety days before the date of its expiry or, within such shorter period as the Authority may specify;
- (b) the Authority is satisfied that the licensee is operating in compliance with the provisions of this Act or the regulations (including the payment of all current and outstanding prescribed fees);
- (c) there has been no material change in the circumstances which existed at the time when the licence was granted, which would justify the application for renewal being treated as a new application in the manner specified in subsection (3); and
- (d) the applicant has not been convicted of an offence against this Act or the regulations or, in the case of a body corporate, a director, the manager, the secretary or other officer of the body corporate, has not been so convicted.

- (2) Where the Authority receives an application for the renewal of a licence after the period specified in subsection (1)(a), the Authority may impose a late fee in addition to any prescribed renewal fee.
- (3) Where the Authority is satisfied that a material change of circumstances has occurred since the licence was granted, the Authority shall treat the application as a new application and, accordingly, the provisions of sections 15, 16 and 17 shall apply.

Prohibition on issue of licence retrospectively.

**20.** The Authority shall not grant a licence retrospectively.

Licence not transferable.

**21.** A licence granted under this Act shall not be transferable to another person.

Variation, modification, etc., of licence.

- 22.—(1) A licensee may apply to the Authority for the variation, modification or surrender of the licence, stating in writing the reasons for the application.
- (2) In considering whether to vary or modify an application made under subsection (1), the Authority shall have regard to the matters specified in section 18.
- (3) After consideration of the matters specified in section 18, the Authority may—
  - (a) vary or modify the licence, subject to such terms and conditions as the Authority may specify in the licence; or
  - (b) refuse to vary or modify the licence.

Suspension of licence.

- 23.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), the Authority may suspend a licence if—
  - (a) the licensee has failed to pay any fees or other charges required to be paid by this Act or the regulations;

- (b) the licensee is in breach of—
  - (i) any provision of this Act or the regulations; or
  - (ii) any term or condition subject to which the licence is granted;
- (c) it is satisfied that it is not possible for the Authority to carry out a proper inspection as required under this Act;
- (d) an inspector reports to the Authority that the licensee is producing regulated agricultural commodities that—
  - fail to achieve any standard prescribed under this Act or the regulations or are otherwise not in compliance with this Act or the regulations;
  - (ii) the regulated agricultural commodity so produced may adversely affect Jamaica's reputation in relation to the production of that regulated agricultural commodity; or
- (e) the licensee notifies the Authority, in writing, that the licensee intends to cease the operations for which he is licensed for the period stated in the notice.
- (2) Before suspending a licence under subsection (1) the Authority shall notify the licensee, in writing, of the proposed suspension—
  - (a) stating the reasons for the suspension;
  - (b) requiring the licensee, in the case of a breach, to remedy the breach within the time specified in the notice; and
  - (c) of the right of appeal conferred by section 35.
- (3) A licensee who is served with a notice under subsection (2) shall, after remedying the breach which gave rise to the suspension, notify the Authority in writing that the breach has been remedied.

(4) The Authority shall, upon receipt of a notice referred to in subsection (3), cause an inspection to be carried out within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice and if, upon inspection, the inspector is satisfied that the breach has been remedied, the inspector shall report in writing to the Authority and, upon the Authority ratifying the inspector's recommendation, the Authority shall withdraw the notice of suspension.

Revocation of licence.

- **24.**—(1) The Authority may revoke a licence if it is satisfied that—
  - (a) a licensee has ceased to comply with the provisions of this Act or the regulations in relation to a regulated agricultural commodity;
  - (b) the application for the licence contained a false or misleading information in a material particular;
  - (c) the licensee has failed to remedy the breach which gave rise to the suspension of the licence under section 23, within the time specified in a notice under subsection (2)(b) of that section; or
  - (d) any fee or other charge payable by the licensee remains unpaid for a period of sixty days after the suspension of the licence.
- (2) Before revoking a licence under subsection (1), the Authority shall notify the licensee in writing of the proposed revocation, stating the reasons for the proposed revocation.
- (3) Where a licence is revoked pursuant to this section the licensee shall return the licence forthwith to the Authority.
- (4) A person who fails to return a licence that has been revoked under this section to the Authority commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in a Parish Court to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

- 25.—(1) The Authority shall keep a record of every licence Records. granted under this Act.
- (2) Every licensee shall keep such books, records or other documents as may be prescribed.
- 26.—(1) The Authority may, from time to time, appoint as Appointment inspectors for the purpose of this Act, public officers or other persons who, by reason of training and experience, are, in the opinion of the Authority, qualified to be so appointed.

- (2) The Authority shall cause a notice of every appointment under subsection (1) to be published in the Gazette.
- (3) The Authority shall issue each inspector with an identification card in the prescribed form.
- (4) An inspector shall upon entering any place for the purpose of carrying into effect any of the functions specified in section 27, produce the identification card to the owner or operator or other person in charge of the premises to be inspected.
- (5) Where, for any reason whatsoever, a person ceases to be employed under this Act as an inspector, that person shall forthwith return to the Authority the identification card issued pursuant to subsection (3).

#### **27.** An inspector shall—

Functions of inspectors.

- (a) shall inspect premises in order to ensure compliance with—
  - (i) the provisions of this Act and the regulations; and
  - (ii) any condition subject to which a licence is granted:
- (b) establish and maintain records of such matters as may be specified by the Authority;
- (c) report generally to the Authority at such times and in such manner as the Authority may determine: and

(d) perform such other functions as may be prescribed or as may be authorized by the Authority for the purposes of this Act or the regulations.

#### PART IV—Offences and Penalties

Offence of giving misleading information.

- **28.**—(1) A person shall not wilfully give information to the Authority or an inspector or other authorized member of staff of the Authority that is misleading in a material particular.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in a Parish Court to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Offence of stealing regulated agricultural commodity.

- **29.**—(1) A person shall not steal a regulated agricultural commodity.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable—
  - (a) on summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding three million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both the fine and imprisonment;
  - (b) on indictment in the Supreme Court, to a fine or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years or to both the fine and imprisonment.
- (3) In addition to the penalty imposed under subsection (2), the Supreme Court or the Parish Court, as the case may be, may order a person convicted of an offence under this section to make restitution to the victim of the offence (hereinafter referred to as an "order of restitution") by directing the person convicted—
  - (a) to return the property to the victim or to a person designated by the victim; or

- (b) to pay an amount equal to the value of the property, where the return of the property is impossible or impracticable;
- (c) where applicable, and based on the period of time that the victim was deprived of his property, to pay any interest income which may otherwise have accrued for the period during which the person was deprived of his property.
- (4) An order of restitution may be enforced by the victim or by the prosecution on behalf of the victim in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action.
- (5) Where a victim is deceased, the personal representative of the victim may apply to the Supreme Court or the Parish Court, as the case may be, for an order of restitution on behalf of the estate of the deceased.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, "personal representative" means the executor, administrator or heir of a deceased person.
- **30.**—(1) A person shall not assault, obstruct, hinder or resist or Offence of use any threatening or abusive language or aid or incite any other assaulting, obstructing, person to so assault, obstruct, hinder or resist an inspector or other resisting, etc., authorized member of staff of the Authority in the execution of that person's duties under this Act.

inspector.

- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in a Parish Court to a fine not exceeding three million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- 31.—(1) A person shall not knowingly and falsely represent Offence of that the regulated agricultural commodity being cultivated by that falsely person is of a particular geographical location.

representing geographical location.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in a Parish Court to a fine not exceeding three million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Breach of offence for which no penalty is provided.

- **32.** Every person who commits an offence under this Act for which no penalty is otherwise provided, is liable—
  - (a) in the case of an individual, on summary conviction—
    - (i) to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment;
    - (ii) for a second conviction under this Act, a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment; and
    - (iii) for an offence committed subsequent to a conviction for a second offence under this Act, a fine not exceeding three million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to both the fine and imprisonment; and
  - (b) in the case of a body corporate on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding five million dollars.

#### PART V-Enforcement

Entry, search and seizure.

- 33.—(1) Where a Justice of the Peace is satisfied (by information on oath, and on receipt of such further information as he may, in the circumstances require) that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that evidence of or relating to an offence under this Act or the regulations is to be found on any premises specified in the information, the Justice of the Peace may issue a warrant in accordance with subsection (2).
- (2) A warrant issued under this section may authorize a Constable named in the warrant, with the assistance of an inspector or other authorized member of staff of the Authority or such other

assistance as is reasonably necessary, and by the use of reasonable force, to—

- (a) enter upon the premises specified in the warrant;
- (b) search the premises for evidence of, or relating to, an offence under this Act or the regulations; and
- (c) seize and detain property in the course of the search that the Constable or inspector believes, on reasonable grounds, to be evidence of, or relating to an offence under this Act or the regulations.
  - (3) A warrant issued under this section shall include—
- (a) a statement of the purpose for which the warrant is issued and a description of the offence;
- (b) a description of the kind of property to be seized;
- (c) a reference to the time, not being later than fourteen days, upon the expiration of which the warrant ceases to have effect; and
- (d) a statement as to whether entry is authorized to be made at any time of the day or night, or during the hours of the day or night specified in the warrant.
- 34.—(1) Subject to subsection (4), the court before which a Forfeiture of person is convicted of an offence under this Act or the regulations, regulated agricultural may, upon the application of the Authority, make an order for the commodity. forfeiture of the regulated agricultural commodity which is the subject of the offence.

(2) Where the Authority proposes to apply for the forfeiture of the regulated agricultural commodity under subsection (1), notice of that intention and of the grounds therefor shall be given forthwith to any person who, to the knowledge of the Authority, is the owner of the regulated agricultural commodity; but that notice is not required to be given if the seizure of the goods was made in the presence of the owner of the regulated agricultural commodity.

- (3) Without prejudice to any other form of service, notification may, for the purpose of subsection (2) be made by two publications in a daily newspaper printed and circulating throughout Jamaica, the second of those publications being not later than seven days after the first.
- (4) A person having a claim to any regulated agricultural commodity in respect of which an application is made by the Authority pursuant to subsection (1) may appear before the court on the hearing of the application and show cause why an order for forfeiture should not be made.
- (5) If, upon application of any person aggrieved by an order made by the court under this section, the court is satisfied that it is just to revoke that order, the court may revoke the order upon such terms and conditions as it deems appropriate, and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, shall require the person to pay, in respect of storage, maintenance, administrative expenses, security or otherwise of the regulated agricultural commodity, such charges as may be specified by the court.
- (6) Where, on hearing an application for forfeiture of a regulated agricultural commodity, no person appears before the court to show cause why an order for forfeiture should not be made, the court may presume that the regulated agricultural commodity has been abandoned or willingly relinquished.
- (7) An application to the court under subsection (5) for revocation of an order shall be made within seven days of the date of the order or within such greater time, not exceeding fourteen days after the date of the order, as the court may allow.

#### Appeals

Appeals to the Minister,

35.—(1) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Authority to refuse to grant, renew, suspend, or revoke a licence, or any other person acting in exercise of any function delegated under section 5, may appeal to the Minister by way of a notice of appeal within twenty-one days of the date that the aggrieved person is advised of the decision or within such longer period as the Minister, in any special circumstance, may allow.

- (2) The notice of appeal shall set out clearly the grounds of the appeal and shall be accompanied by copies of any correspondence, document, inspector's report or any other statement relevant to the appeal.
- (3) A copy of the notice of appeal together with copies of any correspondence, document, inspector's report or any other statement shall be served on the Authority.
- (4) The Minister shall, within seven days of the receipt of a notice of appeal under subsection (1), request the Authority to furnish him with a statement in writing setting out the reasons for its decisions.
  - (5) The Minister may order that—
  - (a) any books, paper, statement or other document, relating to the appeal which is in the possession of the Authority be produced at the hearing of the appeal;
  - (b) the person aggrieved appear at the hearing; or
  - (c) any person acting in exercise of any function delegated to that person under section 5 to be present before the Minister during the hearing of the appeal.
- (6) The Minister shall cause all parties to the appeal to be informed—
  - (a) of the date of the hearing of the appeal;
  - (b) that they may appear themselves or be represented by their attorney-at-law; and
  - (c) that they may summon witnesses in their cause.
- (7) On hearing an appeal under this section, the Minister may—
  - (a) dismiss the appeal and confirm the decision of the Authority;
  - (b) allow the appeal and set aside the decision; or
  - (c) vary the decision.

#### PART VI—General

Amendment of Schedules, etc.. to this Act, by order.

- **36.** The Minister may by order, subject to affirmative resolution, amend—
  - (a) any monetary penalty specified in this Act or the regulations; or

First, Second, Third and Fourth Schedules. (b) the First Schedule, the Second Schedule, the Third Schedule or the Fourth Schedule to this Act.

Regulations.

- 37.—(1) The Authority may, with the approval of the Minister, make regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act and, in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the regulations may contain provisions in relation to the following matters—
  - (a) the setting of minimum standards for quality in respect of the cultivation, trade, export, import and distribution of regulated agricultural commodities, including standards relating to storage facilities, warehousing, hygiene, quality assurance and other related matters;
  - (b) the establishment of different grades of regulated agricultural commodities;
  - (c) the establishment of procedures for the issue of and conditions to licences;
  - (d) the procedures for registration of property (whether shared or not) upon which regulated agricultural commodities are grown;
  - (e) the cess or other charges imposed under section 38;
  - (f) the fees and charges payable in respect of a licence, or an appeal under section 35;
  - (g) the fees and charges payable for any service provided by the Authority;

- (h) the prices payable to growers, processors, manufacturers and dealers in regulated agricultural commodities;
- (i) the keeping of records by licensees;
- (j) the making of reports by licensees;
- (k) the disposal of regulated agricultural commodities, other than by way of export or by local distributors;
- (1) the establishment of standards and procedures to prevent suppliers of regulated agricultural commodities from encouraging or carrying out tied selling within the meaning of the Fair Competition Act; and
- (m) any other matter required under this Act to be prescribed.
- (2) Where prices are prescribed under subsection (1)(h), different prices may be specified in respect of—
  - (a) different or same grades, types and quality of the regulated agricultural commodities, or their by-products;
  - (b) where applicable, different delivery destinations; and
  - (c) different categories of the regulated agricultural commodities or their by-products whether purchased or sold by dealers.
- (3) Notwithstanding section 29 of the *Interpretation Act*, regulations made under this section may prescribe greater penalties than those specified in that Act, and the maximum penalty that may be so prescribed shall be a fine not exceeding three million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or both such fine and imprisonment.
- (4) Any regulations made under subsection (1) shall be subject to affirmative resolution.
- 38. The Minister may, in consultation with the Authority, impose Imposition of a cess or other charges upon any regulated agricultural commodity charges. or its substitute produced in or imported into Jamaica.

Repeal and replacement of enactments. Fifth Schedule.

**39.** The enactments specified in column 1 of the Fifth Schedule are repealed or amended, as the case may be, in the manner specified in relation thereto in column 2 of that Schedule.

Vesting of assets of merged entities.

- **40.**—(1) With effect from the appointed day, there shall be transferred to and vested in the Authority, all assets, rights and liabilities of—
  - (a) the Coffee Industry Board and any subsidiary body thereof; and
  - (b) the Cocoa Industry Board and any subsidiary body thereof, (hereinafter called "the merged entities").
- (2) The Authority shall, in relation to the assets, rights and liabilities so transferred and vested, have every right, power, privilege immunity or duty which immediately before that date was capable of being enjoyed or performed by the merged entities.
  - (3) In this section, "assets" includes intellectual property.

Transitional.

- **41.**—(1) A person shall act in accordance with subsection (2) if before the appointed day the person—
  - (a) entered into any business arrangement, with any of the merged entities or any other entity which operated under an enactment repealed by this Act, which is incompatible with the provisions of this Act; or
  - (b) was licensed under the Agricultural Produce Act.
    - (2) The person shall submit to the Authority—
  - (a) a statement giving particulars of all such arrangements or licences, as the case may be, as are still in operation at that date; and
  - (b) a plan and timetable for—
    - (i) the completion of each such arrangement or licence after the date; or
    - (ii) the cancellation or liquidation of each such arrangement or licence within such period as may be agreed between the Authority and that person, or, in default of agreement, as may be determined by the Authority.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

(Sections 2 and 36(b))

#### List of Regulated Agricultural Commodities

- 1. Cocoa.
- 2. Coconuts.
- 3. Coffee.
- 4. Ginger.
- 5. Nutmeg.
- 6. Pimento (including the wood and leaves of the pimento tree).
- 7. Turmeric.
- 8. Any product made from the commodities listed in items 1 to 7.

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Sections 2 and 36 (b))

#### Oil or Fat Producing Items

- 1. Almonds
- 2. Avocado
- 3. Castor beans
- 4. Cocoa
- 5. Groundnut (Peanut)
- 6. Linseed
- 7. Maize germs
- 8. Nutmeg
- 9. Oil palm
- 10. Olives
- 11. Palm kernel
- 12. Rapeseed
- 13. Safflower
- 14. Sesame
- 15. Shea nut
- 16. Soya bean
- 17. Sunflower seed

THIRD SCHEDULE

(Sections 3(2), 6(2), (9)(2), 10(e) and 36(b))

PART I—The Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority

Financial Provisions, Accounts and Reports

Funds of the Authority.

- 1.—(1) The funds and resources of the Authority shall consist of
  - (a) such sums as may, from time to time, be placed at the disposal of the Authority by Parliament; and
  - (b) all other sums and property which may, in any manner become payable to or vested in the Authority in respect of any matter incidental to its functions.
- (2) The expenses of the Authority, including the remuneration of officers and employees shall be paid out of the funds of the Authority.

Guarantees.

- 2.—(1) With the approval of the House of Representatives signified by resolution, the Minister responsible for finance may, in relation to any authorized borrowing of the Authority, guarantee in such manner and on such conditions as he thinks fit—
  - (a) the repayment of the principal; and
  - (b) the payment of interest and charges.
- (2) Where the Minister responsible for finance is satisfied that there has been default in the repayment of any principal moneys guaranteed under the provisions of this section or in the payment of interest or charges so guaranteed, he shall direct the repayment or, as the case may be, the payment, out of the Consolidated Fund of the amount in respect of which there has been such default; and any such payment or repayment shall be a charge on the Consolidated Fund.
- (3) The Authority shall make to the Accountant-General, at such times and in such manner as the Minister responsible for finance may direct, payments of such amounts as may be so directed in or towards repayment of any sums issued in fulfillment of any guarantee under this section, and payments of interest on what is outstanding for the time being in respect of any sums so issued at such rate as the Minister may direct; and different rates of interest may be directed as respects—
  - (a) different sums; and

- interest for different periods.
- 3.—(1) Subject to subparagraph (2), all moneys of the Authority Investment not immediately required to be expended for the purpose of —

by the Authority.

- meeting any of its obligations; or
- (b) discharging any of the other functions of the Authority,

may be invested in such securities or held in such accounts as may be approved by the Minister responsible for finance; and the Authority may, with the approval of that Minister, sell all or any of such securities.

- (2) All funds of the Authority which are invested in securities or held in accounts under subparagraph (1) shall be kept, sold or used by the Authority for the furtherance of the advancement of the Authority's functions under this Act.
- 4.—(1) The Authority shall keep proper accounts and other Accounts and records in relation to its functions and shall prepare annually a other records, statement of accounts in a form
  - satisfactory to the Minister; and
  - conforming to established accounting principles.
- (2) The accounts of the Authority shall be audited annually by an auditor appointed in each year
  - by the Authority; and
  - with the approval of the Minister.
- (3) An auditor appointed under subparagraph (2) shall be a registered public accountant within the meaning of section 2 of the Public Accountancy Act.
- (4) The members of the Board and the officers and employees of the Authority shall
  - grant to the auditor appointed under sub-paragraph (2), access to all books or other documents, cash and securities of the Authority; and
  - give to the auditor, upon request, all such information as may be within their knowledge in relation to the business of the Authority.
- (5) The auditor's fee and any expenses of the audit shall be paid by the Authority.

Reports of activities.

- 5.—(1) The Authority shall—
  - (a) within four months after the end of each financial year; or
  - (b) within such longer period as the Minister may in special circumstances approve,

cause to be made and, shall transmit to the Minister, a report dealing generally with the activities of the Authority during the immediately preceding financial year.

Audits.

- 6.—(1) The Auditor-General may, at all times, examine the accounts of the Authority.
- (2) Where in any particular case, the Board has reasonable cause for believing that a special audit of the Authority should be concluded by audit other than by the Authority's auditor, the Board may appoint an auditor or a firm of auditors for that purpose.
- (3) The expenses, as approved by the Board of any audit or examination carried out pursuant to sub-paragraph (2) shall be paid by the Authority.

Estimates of income and expenditure.

- 7. The Authority shall, in each financial year, before a date specified by the Minister, submit to the Minister for his approval—
  - (a) estimates of income and expenditure for the ensuing financial year;
  - (b) an operating plan for that year, as to the projects to
    - (i) promoted by the Authority;
    - (ii) sponsored by the Authority;
    - (iii) both sponsored and promoted by the Authority;
  - (c) the operational framework within which the Authority shall carry out its functions; and
  - (d) details of such other related matters as the Minister may require.

Returns, accounts and other information.

- 8. The Authority shall furnish the Minister with such—
  - (a) returns;
  - (b) accounts; and

other information,

as the Minister may require with respect to the activities of the Authority; and shall afford him the facilities for verifying such returns, accounts and other information, in such manner and at such times, as he may reasonably require.

- 9.—(1) The income of the Authority shall be exempt from income Exemption tax.
  - from income tax, stamp duties, transfer tax and customs duties. (3) There shall be exempt from taxation under the *Transfer*
- (2) The Authority shall be exempt from stamp duty on all instruments executed by it or on its behalf.
  - by the Authority, of property belonging to it; or
    - of any right of interest created in, over or otherwise with respect to any such property.
- (4) No customs duty or other similar impost (other than general consumption tax) shall be payable upon any article
  - imported into Jamaica;

Tax Act any transfer-

- taken out of bond in Jamaica; or
- accepted by the Commissioner of Customs to be (c) required for the use of the Authority solely in the performance of its functions under this Act.
- 10. Notwithstanding any limitation as to the amount recoverable Recovery of under the Judicature (Parish Courts) Act, and without prejudice debts. to any other method of recovery, all debts due to the Authority may be recovered in a Parish Court as a civil debt.

- 11.—(1) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (2), the Borrowings. Authority may borrow such sums as may be required by it for
  - meeting any of its obligations; or (a)
  - discharging any of its functions.
  - (2) The power of the Authority to borrow shall-
  - as to amount;
  - as to the source of borrowing; and

 (c) as to the terms on which the borrowing may be effected,

be exercisable only on the recommendation of the Minister responsible for agriculture and with the approval of the Minister responsible for finance.

- (3) Any approval given in any respect for the purposes of subparagraph (1) may be—
  - (a) either general or limited to a particular borrowing or otherwise; and
  - (b) either unconditional or subject to conditions.

Seal and authentication of documents.

- 12.—(1) The Authority shall have a common seal which shall be kept in the custody of the chairman or the secretary of the Board and may be affixed to instruments pursuant to resolutions of the Board and in the presence of the chairman, one other member and the secretary.
- (2) The seal of the Authority shall be authenticated by the signature of the chairman or the secretary of the Board, and shall be officially and judicially noticed.
- (3) All documents, (other than those required by law to be under seal) which are made by, and all decisions of, the Board, may be signified under the hand of the chairman or the secretary of the Board.

#### PART II-Constitution and Procedures of the Board

Constitution of Board.

- 1.—(1) Subject to paragraph 2, the Board of the Authority shall consist of two *ex-officio* members and not more than seven members appointed by the Minister (hereinafter referred to as the "appointed members").
- (2) The appointed members of the Board shall be persons appearing to the Minister to be of integrity who have not been convicted of any offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude.

Appointment.

- 2.—(1) The ex-officio members of the Board shall be—
  - (a) the Director-General of the Authority; and

- a senior public officer or employee in the Ministry responsible for agriculture nominated by the Permanent Secretary of that Ministry.
  - (2) The appointed members of the Board shall include—
- an individual nominated by a body appearing to the Minister to be a representative of the coffee industry;
- (b) an individual nominated by a body appearing to the Minister to be a representative of the cocoa industry;
- an individual nominated by a body appearing to the Minister to be a representative of the coconut industry;
- an individual nominated by a body appearing to the (d) Minister to be a representative of the spices (ginger, pimento, nutmeg, and turmeric) industry; and
- three individuals who are knowledgeable and (e) experienced in-
  - (i) agronomy; and
  - (ii) quality control in respect of agricultural commodities, including the growth, storage and transportation of agricultural commodities.
- 3.—(1) The Minister shall appoint a chairman and a deputy Chairman and chairman from among the appointed members.

deputy chairman.

- (2) In the case of the chairman being absent from or unable to act at any meeting, the deputy chairman shall exercise the functions of the chairman, if the deputy chairman is present at the meeting and is able to so act.
- (3) In the case of the chairman and the deputy chairman being absent from or unable to act at any meeting, members of the Board present at the meeting shall elect one of their number to act as chairman at that meeting.
- 4. The Minister may appoint any individual to act temporarily Temporary in the place of any member of the Board, in the case of the absence or inability to act of such member, in keeping with the composition of the Board.

Tenure:

5. The appointment of a member of the Board shall be evidenced by instrument in writing and the appointment shall be for a period not exceeding three years.

Publication in Gazette.

6. The appointment, resignation, revocation of appointment or death of a member of the Board shall be notified in the *Gazette*.

Vacancies.

- 7.—(1) The office of a member of the Board shall become vacant if—
  - (a) he resigns his office; or
  - (b) his appointment is revoked in accordance with paragraph 8.
- (2) If any vacancy occurs in the membership of the Board, such vacancy shall be filled by the appointment of another member who shall, subject to the provisions of this Schedule, hold office for the remainder of the period for which the previous member was appointed, so, however, that such appointment shall be made in the same manner and from the same category of persons as the appointment of the previous member.

Revocation of appointment of members.

- 8. The Minister may, at any time, revoke the appointment of a member of the Board if that member—
  - (a) becomes of unsound mind or becomes permanently unable to perform his functions by reason of ill-health;
  - (b) is being managed by the Government Trustee or becomes bankrupt or compounds with, or suspends payment to, his creditors;
  - (c) is convicted of any offence involving fraud, dishonesty, or moral turpitude;
  - (d) has engaged or is engaging in conduct which, in the opinion of the Minister, disqualifies the member from holding office on the Board;
  - has engaged or is engaging in such activities as are reasonably considered prejudicial to the interest of the Authority;
  - (f) fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Board without the leave of the chairman;
  - (g) fails to carry out the functions of his office as specified by or under this Act; or
  - (h) is convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment.

9.—(1) On the application of any member of the Board, the Leave of Minister may grant leave of absence to the member.

- (2) The Minister may direct a member to proceed on leave of absence if the member has been charged with an offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude, an offence listed in the Second Schedule to the Proceeds of Crime Act or an offence that is similar to any such offence in another jurisdiction.
  - 10. Every member of the Board shall be eligible for reappointment. Re-

appointment.

11. There shall be paid to the chairman and other members of Remuneration the Board such remuneration (whether by way of honoraria or of members. allowances) as the Minister responsible for finance may determine.

12.—(1) The chairman may, at any time, resign his office by Resignations. instrument in writing addressed to the Minister.

- (2) The resignation shall take effect as from the date of receipt by the Minister of the instrument.
- (3) A member of the Board other than the chairman may, at any time, resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister and transmitted through the chairman.
- (4) From the date of receipt by the Minister of the resignation, the member shall cease to be a member of the Board.
- 13.—(1) The Board shall meet as often as may be necessary or Meetings. expedient for the transaction of its business (but at least nine meetings shall be held within each financial year) and such meetings shall be held at such places and times and on such days as the Board may determine.

(2) The chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Board of the Authority, and if the chairman is absent from a meeting, then the deputy chairman shall preside at the meeting and if the deputy chairman is absent, then the members present shall elect another member to preside at that meeting.

- (3) Five members shall constitute a quorum of the Board where at least three of the members present are not ex-officio members.
- (4) The decisions of the Board shall be by a majority of votes and, in addition to an original vote, the chairman or other member presiding at the meeting, shall have a casting vote in any case in which the voting is equal.

Special meetings.

14. The chairman may at any time call a special meeting to be held within seven days of a written request for the purpose addressed to him by any three members of the Board.

Board may regulate its own proceedings. 15. Subject to any provisions of this Act to the contrary, the Board may regulate its own proceedings.

Appointment of committees.

- 16.—(1) The Board may appoint committees for special purposes connected with the functions of the Authority, to assist the Board in an advisory capacity.
- (2) A committee appointed under this paragraph may include persons who are not members of the Board but the chairman of the committee shall be a member of the Board.

Validity of proceedings.

17. The validity of the proceedings of a committee appointed pursuant to paragraph 16 shall not be affected by any vacancy among the members of the Board or by any defect in the appointment of a member thereof.

Minutes of meetings.

18. Minutes in proper form of each meeting of the Board shall be kept and shall be confirmed as soon as practicable at a subsequent meeting.

Disclosure of interest.

- 19.—(1) A member who is in any way directly or indirectly interested in any contract or other matter whatsoever which fails to be considered by the Board, or in any contract made or proposed to be made by the Board, shall forthwith disclose the nature of his interest to the other members upon the conflict of interest arising, and the disclosure shall be recorded in the minutes of the next meeting of the Board, and the member shall not take part in any deliberation or decision of the Board with respect thereto.
- (2) A disclosure made by a member under subparagraph (1) to the effect that he is a director or shareholder of, or has a significant economic relationship with, a specific company, firm or other entity or is to be regarded as interested in any contract which is made with the company, firm or other entity, shall for the purposes of subparagraph (1), be a sufficient disclosure of his interest in relation to any contract so made.
- (3) A member need not attend in person at a meeting of the Board in order to make a disclosure that he is required to make under this paragraph, if he takes reasonable steps to ensure that the disclosure is made by notice which is taken into consideration and read at the next meeting held after the disclosure is made.

20.—(1) The Board, may at any time, be required by the Minister Reports to to submit a report to him in respect of any matter or activity in Parliament. which the Authority is involved under this Act.

- (2) The Board shall submit to the Minister an annual report relating generally to the execution of its functions and may, at any time, submit a report relating to any particular matter or matters which, in the Board's opinion, require the special attention of the Minister.
- (3) Reports submitted to the Minister under this paragraph shall be laid on the Tables of the House of Representatives and the Senate, respectively.
- (4) The Board may, in the public interest, from time to time publish in such manner as it thinks fit, reports relating to matters mentioned in subparagraph (2), but no such report shall be published until after it has been laid pursuant to subparagraph (3).
- 21.—(1) No action, suit, prosecution or other proceedings Indemnity. shall be brought or instituted personally against any member of the Board in respect of any act done, in good faith, in pursuance of or intended execution of this Act.

- (2) Where any member of the Board is exempt from liability by reason only of the provisions of this paragraph, the Authority shall be liable to the extent that it would be if the member were an employee or agent of the Authority.
- 22. The office of the chairman or any other member of the Board Membership shall not be a public office for the purposes of Chapter V of the of Board not Constitution of Jamaica.

public office.

#### FOURTH SCHEDULE

(Sections 17(3)(a) and 36(b))

#### Form of Licence

## JAMAICA AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITY



Lic	ence No	_		
1.	This is to certify that			of
		(11	iame of licensee)	
_			_is licensed under the Jam	aica
	(address)			
Agr	ricultural Commodities Regula	tory Auth	pority Act to	
2.	The following conditions, if	any, shall	apply to this licence:	
	Α.			
	В.			
	С.			
		(specify conditi	ions (if any)	
3.	This licence expires on the	day of	, 20	
		Signed		
			Chairman/Secretary Jamaica Agricultural Commo Regulatory Authority	dities

#### FIFTH SCHEDULE

(Section 39)

#### Repeal or Amendment of Enactments

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#### Repeal or Amendment

Agricultural Produce Act In section 3(4)—

- (a) delete the word "or" appearing immediately after paragraph (a);
- (b) insert immediately after paragraph (b) the word "or"; and
- (c) insert next after paragraph (b) the following as paragraph (c)—
  - "(c) regulated agricultural commodities in relation to which a licence has been granted under the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority Act.".

Cocoa Industry Board

Repeal.

Act

Coconut Industry Aid

Repeal.

Coconut Industry
Control Act

- 1. In section 14(1), by—
  - (a) deleting paragraph (a) and substituting therefor the following—
    - "(a) in accordance with a licence granted under the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority Act—
      - buy, sell and trade in coconuts, and coconut products, and such other commodities and their substitutes as the Board with the

#### Repeal or Amendment

- approval of the Minister may, from time to time, determine; and
- (ii) export or dispose of coconuts, and coconut products, in such quantity and in such manner and at such price as the Board with the approval of the Minister consider desirable in the interests of the coconut industry;";
- (b) deleting paragraph (i); and
- (c) relettering paragraphs (j) and (k) as paragraphs (i) and (j).
- 2. Repeal the following provisions, that is to say—
  - (a) section 14A ("Cess on coconut products and substitutes");
  - (b) section 20 ("Regulations");
  - (c) section 21 ("Power to add or remove from the First Schedule"); and
  - (d) section 22 ("Power to exempt from the Act").

Coffee Industry Regulation Act Repeal.

Passed in the House of Representatives with one (1) amendment this 20th day of September, 2016.

PEARNEL CHARLES, Speaker.

#### MEMORANDUM OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill seeks to establish the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority ("JACRA") to merge and replace the existing Coffee Industry Board, the Cocoa Industry Board, the regulatory functions of the Coconut Industry Board and the Export Division of the Ministry responsible for agriculture.

The establishment of JACRA was recommended following a study commissioned by the Ministry responsible for agriculture to determine the efficiency and continued relevance of the aforementioned entities in light of current Government policies and the shifting mode of international trade arrangements. Therefore, JACRA aims to reorganize the agricultural commodities industry in order to consolidate and efficiently utilize the available resources to ensure the competitive development of the agricultural commodities industry.

JACRA will assume responsibility for the regulatory functions now being carried out by the aforementioned entities, including setting quality standards for regulated agricultural commodities, providing technical support to stakeholders in the agricultural commodities industry, granting licences permitting involvement in the activities relating to regulated agricultural commodities and generally regulating the trade in the agricultural commodities industry, that is, the trade in coffee and coffee blends, cocoa, coconut and spices, including nutmeg, turmeric, pimento and ginger.

KARL SAMUDA Minister of Industry, Commerce Agriculture and Fisheries

# ABILL

# ENTITLED

AN ACT to Establish a body to be known as the Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority for the development, regulation, promotion and standardization of the agricultural commodities industry; and for connected matters.

As passed in the Honourable House of Representatives.

PRINTED BY JAMAICA PRINTING SERVICES (1992) LTD., (GOVERNMENT PRINTERS), DUKE STREET, KINGSTON, JAMAICA.

## SECTION 14A OF THE COCONUT INDUSTRY CONTROL ACT WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO AMEND

- 14A.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), the Board may impose a cess on coconut products and substitutes manufactured in or imported into Jamaica.
- (2) No cess imposed under subsection (1) shall be of any effect unless and until approved by the Minister by order.

## SECTION 20 OF THE COCONUT INDUSTRY CONTROL ACT WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO AMEND

- 20.—(I) The Board may with the approval of the Minister make regulations generally for the control of the coconut industry and for giving effect to the provisions of this Act, and without prejudice to such general powers may make regulations—
  - (a) providing for the licensing (including the grant or refusal of licences) of—
    - (i) copra makers;
    - (ii) coconut exporters and exporters of coconut products;
    - (iii) local traders; and
    - (iv) manufacturers of any of the coconut products set out in the First Schedule, and: for the form and period of any such licences, and the conditions on which any such licences shall be granted;
  - (b) providing for the registration with the Board of all coconut growers in the Island who shall be in possession or control of land on which are growing one hundred or more bearing coconut trees, or such other number as may be prescribed, and for the forms and records to be kept by such coconut growers when so registered;
  - (c) providing for the submission of returns to the Board relating to the cultivation of coconuts and the quantities of coconuts which shall be available for sale by registered coconut growers;
  - (d) regulating the points at which, and the persons to whom, delivery of coconuts shall be made;
  - (e) regulating the grades of coconuts and the minimum prices for each grade to be paid at different delivery points by copra makers to coconut growers for their coconuts;
  - (f) prescribing the price to by paid by the Board for copra purchased by them;

- (g) prescribing the price to be' charged by the Board for copra supplied by them to manufacturers of coconut products;
- (h) regulating the grades, and the wholesale prices for such grades, of coconut products and substitutes;
- (i) regulating the grades, and the wholesale and retail prices for each grade, of any product set out in the First Schedule;
- (j) prescribing the percentage of coconut oil to be used in any grade of any product set out in the First Schedule;
- (k) requiring factories to use copra only for the purposes for which such copra was purchased;
- (l) regulating and governing the quality of coconut products manufactured for the purpose of sale;
- (m) prescribing the records to be kept, and providing for the submission of returns, by persons licensed under the provisions of this Act;
- (n) prohibiting the purchase or taking delivery of any coconuts by any copra maker or coconut exporter or exporter of coconut products from any person other than a registered coconut grower or the Board;
- (o) prohibiting the sale or deliver of any coconuts to any copra maker or coconut exporter or exporter of coconut products by any person other than a registered coconut grower or the Board;
- (p) requiring ever coconut grower to produce a certificate of registration to any copra maker, coconut exporter or exporter of coconut products at the time of any sale or delivery of coconuts to such copra maker, coconut exporter or exporter of coconut products;
- (q) prescribing the procedure to be followed in relation to recording the disposal of coconuts by registered coconut growers and regulating the votes of registered coconut growers and the holding of elections to the Board and all matters incidental thereto or connected therewith;
- (r) requiring any coconut grower, copra maker, exporter, local trader or person trading in or engaged in the manufacture of coconut products, or any class of coconut growers, copra makers, exporters, local traders or persons trading in or engaged in the manufacture of coconut products, to make such returns and to give such information in such form and at such time as may be specified in relation to any matter concerning coconuts, coconut products or the coconut industry;
- (s) prescribing all things required to be prescribed.

(2) Every person who contravenes or fails to comply with any regulation made under subsection (1) shall on summary conviction before a Resident Magistrate be liable to such penalty (including the forfeiture of any coconuts or coconut products) as may be prescribed:

Provided that no penalty shall be prescribed in excess of fifty thousand dollars.

- (3) For the purposes of this Part the Board shall be the licensing authority.
- (4) In addition to the powers and duties expressly conferred upon the Board by this Act, the Board shall have such other powers and duties, whether similar to the foregoing or not, as may from time to time be defined by the Minister.
- (5) The Coconut Industry Board in the exercise or discharge of any powers or duties conferred upon it under this Act shall comply with all directions, whether general or special, given by the Minister.

## SECTION 21 OF THE COCONUT INDUSTRY CONTROL ACT WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO AMEND

21. The Board may, from time to time, subject to the approval of the Minister, by notice in the *Gazette* add or remove any coconut product to or from the First Schedule, or add or remove any substitute to or from the Second Schedule.

## SECTION 22 OF THE COCONUT INDUSTRY CONTROL ACT WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO AMEND

22. The Board may, with the approval of the Minister, grant to any person, or class of persons, total or partial exemption from all or any of the provisions of this Act or of any rules made thereunder, for such periods, and subject to such conditions and restrictions, as the Board with such approval may think fit.

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